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Safety Data Sheet

According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

District and Country

CERA FLUIDA CLASSIC Product name

Chemical name and synonym **RESINS AND WAXES IN SOLUTION**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

BRIGHTENER WAX FOR NATURAL STONES.

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer	
ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATM	ENT FOR STONE			
SECTOR	-	✓	-	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	e safety data sheet			
Name	Tamay Coa			
Name	Tenax Spa			
Full address	Via I Maggio, 226			

37020 Volargne Italy

+39 045 6887593 Tel +39 045 6862456 Fax

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

msds@tenax.it

Product distribution by: **Tenax Usa**

7606 Whitehall Executive Center Drive Suite 400, 28273 Charlotte NC, US

(VR)

Tel. 001 7045831173 - Fax 001 7045833166

info@tenaxusa.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Infotrac

US and Canada: 1-800-535-5053

Int'l: 1-352-323-3500 info@infotrac.net

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement Carcinogenicity, category 1B Skin irritation, category 2 Skin sensitization, category 1

May cause cancer. Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H350 May cause cancer.

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2. Hazards identification .../>>

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P264 Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water / . .

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

2.2. Other hazards

Environmental classification as for Reg. (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP):

The product is classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

Classification and Hazard Statement

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictograms:



Hazard statements:

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

Additional hazards Information not available

3. Composition/information on ingredients

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3. Composition/information on ingredients/>>

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification Conc. % Classification:

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

CAS 127-18-4 92 Carcinogenicity, category 1B H350, Skin irritation, category 2 H315,

Skin sensitization, category 1 H317, Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

chronic toxicity, category 2 H411

EC 204-825-9 INDEX 602-028-00-4

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

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6. Accidental release measures

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000. OSHA-PEL

CAL/OSHA-PEL USA California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits

OFL FU

Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive

2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH **ACGIH 2019**

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE										
Threshold Limit \	Value									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	nin					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
TLV-ACGIH	-	170	25	678	100					
OEL	EU	138	20	275	40	SKIN				
OSHA	USA		100		200 (C)					
CAL/OSHA	USA	170	25	685 (C)	3000 (C)					

Legend:

FU

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

mg/m3 TLV of solvent mixture: 170

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends

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Information

(199,4 °F)

8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Appearance liauid Colour colourless Odour typical Odour threshold Not available Not available Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not available Boiling range Not available Flash point 93

Evaporation Rate Not available Flammability of solids and gases Not available

Flammability of solids and gases
Lower inflammability limit
Upper inflammability limit
Not available
Lower explosive limit
Not available
Upper explosive limit
Not available
Upper explosive limit
Not available
Vapour pressure
Not available
Vapour density
Relative density
Not available
1.1

Solubility insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available
Auto-ignition temperature Not available
Decomposition temperature Not available
Viscosity Not available
Explosive properties Not available
Oxidising properties Not available

9.2. Other information

VOC: 92,00 % - 1.389,20 g/litre

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Decomposes at temperatures above 150°C/302°F.Decomposes if exposed to: UV rays,moisture.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

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10. Stability and reactivity .../>

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, aluminium, alkaline hydroxides, sodium amides. May react violently with: strong bases, strong oxidising agents, alkaline earth metals, light metals, metal powders, zinc oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

May develop: hydrogen chloride, phosgenes, chlorine, ethane tetrachloride, chlorine compounds.

11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Has a toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system, liver, kidneys and heart; the mucous membranes and the skin are irritated.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE LC50 (Inhalation)

4000 ppm/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

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11. Toxicological information .../>>

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

May cause cancer

Carcinogenicity Assessment:

127-18-4 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

ACGIH:: A3 IARC:2A

NTP: Reasonably Anticipated

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Classified in Group 2A (probable human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC).

Epidemiological studies show evidence of association between exposure to the substance and presence of various types of cancers:

bladder cancer, non-Hodgkin's lymphomas and multiple myeloma (US EPA, 2014).

Classified as a "probable carcinogen" by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

EC50 - for Crustacea 18 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Solubility in water 150 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.53

BCF 49

12.4. Mobility in soil

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

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12. Ecological information .../>>

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2.15

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1897

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE SOLUTION IMDG: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE SOLUTION IATA: TETRACHLOROETHYLENE SOLUTION

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 6.1 Label: 6.1

IMDG: Class: 6.1 Label: 6.1

IATA: Class: 6.1 Label: 6.1



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant



IATA: NC

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

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14. Transport information

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 60 Limited Quantities: 5 L

Maximum quantity: 60 L

Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special Provision: -IMDG: EMS: F-A, S-A

Limited Quantities: 5 L Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L

Packaging instructions: 663 Packaging instructions: 655

Special Instructions:

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Pass.:

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA:

IATA:

All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE 127-18-4

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act - Priority Pollutants:

127-18-4 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Clean Water Act - Toxic Pollutants:

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE 127-18-4

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

127-18-4 **TETRACHLOROETHYLENE**

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:

No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:

No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ:

127-18-4 **TETRACHLOROETHYLENE**

EPCRA 313 TRI:

127-18-4 **TETRACHLOROETHYLENE**

RCRA Code:

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE 127-18-4

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ: No component(s) listed.

State Regulations

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15. Regulatory information .../>>

Massachussetts:

127-18-4 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Minnesota:

127-18-4 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

New Jersey:

127-18-4 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

New York:

127-18-4 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Pennsylvania:

127-18-4 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

California:

127-18-4 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

Proposition 65:

WARNING! This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or reproductive harm.

127-18-4 TETRACHLOROETHYLENE C

International Regulations

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Candadian WHMIS Information not available

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H350 May cause cancer. H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit

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16. Other information .../>>

- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- FCHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01/02/03/04/08/09/10/11/12/13/14/16.

Changed TLVs in section 8.1 for following countries:

EU,