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# **Safety Data Sheet**

According to Canadian HPR - WHMIS 2015

## 1. Identification

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name QUARTZ TONER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Enhancer

Identified Uses	la diretti el	Professional	Concumer	
	Industrial	Professional	Consumer	
ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR S	IONE			
SECTOR	-	<b>✓</b>	-	
4.2 Details of the complian of the sefety date	a a baat			
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data	a sneet			
Name	Tenax Spa			
Full address	Via I Maggio, 226			
District and Country	37020 Volargne	(V	<b>′</b> R)	
•	Italy	•	•	
	Tel. +39 045 68	87593		
	Fax +39 045 6862456			

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

msds@tenax.it

Product distribution by: Tenax Usa

7606 Whitehall Executive Center Drive Suite 400, 28273 Charlotte NC, US

Tel. 001 7045831173 - Fax 001 7045833166

info@tenaxusa.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to 24hrs:

Manitoba Poison Centre 1-855-7POISON (1-855-776-4766)

**BC Drug and Poison Information Centre (DPIC)** 

1-800-567-8911 (toll free in BC)

(604) 682-5050 (Greater Vancouver or outside of BC)

Centre antipoison du Québec 1-800-463-5060

**IWK Regional Poison Centre** 

1-800-565-8161 (within NS and PEI only) (902) 470-8161 (Halifax or outside NS, PEI)

Poison And Drug Information Services (PADIS)

1-800-332-1414 (toll free in Alberta, Northwest Territories)

1-866-454-1212 (toll free in Saskatchewan)

(403) 944-1414 (in Calgary, outside of Alberta, or VOIP users)

Ontario Poison Centre 1-800-268-9017

# 2. Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement



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#### 2. Hazards identification .../>

Flammable liquid, category 3 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

**H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

**H304** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

**P280** Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

**P271** Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

**P240** Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

**P243** Take action to prevent static discharges.

P241 Use explosion-proof [electrical / ventilating / lighting / . . . ] equipment.

Response:

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / . . . if you feel unwell.

**P304+P340** IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

**P370+P378** In case of fire: use CO2, sand, powder to extinguish.

Storage:

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

**P501** Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

# 2.2. Other hazards

Additional hazards

Environmental classification as for Reg. (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP):

The product is classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

Classification and Hazard Statement

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard statements:

**H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

**P273** Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

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Storage:

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Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.



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# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % (w/w) Classification:

NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

CAS 64742-48-9 45 Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304,

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336,

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412

**N-BUTYL ACETATE** 

CAS 123-86-4 5 Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,

category 3 H336

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## 4. First-aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

# GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).



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## 6. Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# 7. Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2018

NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY								
Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV-ACGIH	-	1595						

N-BUTYL ACETATE							
Threshold Limit Value							
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	STEL/15min		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-		50		150		
OSHA	USA	710	150				

## Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.



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Information

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../>>

## 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133, CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3-92).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, CSA Standard Z94.4-02). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, CSA Standard Z94.4-02.

**ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS** 

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Properties** Value Appearance liauid Colour colourless Odour typical Odour threshold Not available Not available Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not available Boiling range Not available

Flash point  $23 \le T \le 60$  °C  $(73.4 \le T \le 140 \text{ °F})$ 

**Evaporation Rate** Not available Flammability of solids and gases Not available Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Vapour pressure Not available Vapour density Not available Relative density 0.9

Solubility insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available
Auto-ignition temperature Not available
Decomposition temperature Not available
Viscosity Not available
Explosive properties Not available
Oxidising properties Not available

## 9.2. Other information

Information not available



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# 10. Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

## N-BUTYL ACETATE

 $Incompatible\ with: water, nitrates, strong\ oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.$ 

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

# 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

N-BUTYL ACETATE LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)



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# 11. Toxicological information .../>>

NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation) > 5000 mg/kg rat > 2000 mg/kg rabbit 21.1 mg/l/4h rat

## SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

# STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

# 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

# 12.1. Toxicity

N-BUTYL ACETATE

EC50 - for Crustacea > 44 mg/l/48h

NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

LC50 - for Fish 8.2 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas

EC50 - for Crustacea 4.5 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 3.1 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability



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## 12. Ecological information .../>>

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.3

BCF 15.3

12.4. Mobility in soil

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

Partition coefficient: soil/water 1.78

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT substances contained:

NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

# 13. Disposal considerations

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

# 14. Transport information

# 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1993

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY; N-BUTYL ACETATE) IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY; N-BUTYL ACETATE) IATA: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (NAPHTA (PETROL.) HYDROTREATED HEAVY; N-BUTYL ACETATE)

EPY 9.9.0 - SDS 1004.12



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# 14. Transport information .../

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



# 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special Provision: -

IMDG: EMS: F-E, S-E Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355

Special Instructions: A3

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

# 15. Regulatory information

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Canadian Regulatory Information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).

Safety Data Sheet according to WHMIS 2015.

# 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

**H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

**H304** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**H336** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**H412** Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals



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#### 16. Other information .../>>

- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

## GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev 5
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- Hazard Products Regulation (HPR)
- WHMIS 2015
- ONTARIO R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 883 (version July 2016)
- IARC website
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act

## Note for users

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.