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Safety Data Sheet

According to Canadian HPR - WHMIS 2015

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

RIVO 50 PART B Product name

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use	EPOX	YSYSTEM				
Identified Uses	Indust	rial	Professional	Consumer		
ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STONE						
SECTOR	-		✓	-		
.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet						
Name	Tenax	Spa				
Full address	Via I N	laggio, 226				
District and Country	37020	Volargne	(V	R)		
		Italy				
	Tel.	+39 045 6887593				
	Fax	+39 045 6862456				
e-mail address of the competent person						
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	msds(tenax.it				
Product distribution by:	Tenax	Usa				
·	7606 V	7606 Whitehall Executive Center Drive Suite 400, 28273 Charlotte NC, US				
	Tel. 001 7045831173 - Fax 001 7045833166					
	info@tenaxusa.com					
4. Emergency telephone number						
.4. Emergency telephone number						
For urgent inquiries refer to	24hrs:					
	Manito	ba Poison Centre	1-855-7POISON (1-855-770	6-4766)		
	BC Drug and Poison Information Centre (DPIC)					
	1-800-567-8911 (toll free in BC)					
	(604) 682-5050 (Greater Vancouver or outside of BC)					
	Centre antipoison du Québec 1-800-463-5060					
	IWK Regional Poison Centre					
	1-800-565-8161 (within NS and PEI only)					
	(902) 470-8161 (Halifax or outside NS, PEI)					
	Poison And Drug Information Services (PADIS)					
		•	• • •	itories)		
	1-800-332-1414 (toll free in Alberta, Northwest Territories)					

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

1-866-454-1212 (toll free in Saskatchewan)

Ontario Poison Centre 1-800-268-9017

(403) 944-1414 (in Calgary, outside of Alberta, or VOIP users)

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement

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2. Hazards identification .../>>

Reproductive toxicity, category 2 Acute toxicity, category 3 Acute toxicity, category 4 Skin corrosion, category 1 Serious eye damage, category 1 Skin sensitization, category 1 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic if inhaled.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Hazard pictograms:







Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P260 Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P264 Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

P304+P340 IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

The mixture contains 85.90%;56.90% of components of unknown acute inhalation / dermal toxicity.

2.2. Other hazards

Environmental classification as for Reg. (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP):

The product is classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

Classification and Hazard Statement

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

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2. Hazards identification .../>>

Hazard statements:

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P391 Collect spillage.

Storage:

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % (w/w) Classification:

4-nonylphenol, branched

CAS 84852-15-3 $13.5 \le x < 14.5$ Reproductive toxicity, category 2 H361, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302,

Skin corrosion, category 1B H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 H400 M=10, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 H410 M=10

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

AEP

CAS 140-31-8 12 ≤ x < 13 Acute toxicity, category 3 H311, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Skin corrosion,

category 1B H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Skin sensitization, category 1 H317, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity,

category 3 H412

BENZYL ALCOHOL

BENZYL ALCOHOL

CAS 100-51-6 $6 \le x < 7$ Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE

ISOPHORONE DIAMINE

IPDA

CAS 2855-13-2 1 ≤ x < 1.5 Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Acute toxicity, category 4 H312, Skin corrosion,

category 1B H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Skin sensitization, category 1 H317, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity,

category 3 H412

2,2'-DIAMINODIETHYLAMINE

DIETHYLENETRIAMINE

DETA

CAS 111-40-0 $1 \le x < 1.5$ Acute toxicity, category 2 H330, Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Acute toxicity,

category 4 H312, Skin corrosion, category 1B H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H335,

Skin sensitization, category 1 H317

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

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4. First-aid measures .../>>

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

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Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2019

2,2'-DIAMINODIETHYLAMINE							
Threshold Limit Value							
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	4.2	1			SKIN	

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133, CSA Standard CAN/CSA-Z94.3-92).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, CSA Standard Z94.4-02). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, CSA Standard Z94.4-02. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

PropertiesValueInformationAppearancepaste

Colour as showed in color folder

Odour amino
Odour threshold Not available
pH Not available
Melting point / freezing point Not available
Initial boiling point Not available
Boiling range Not available

Flash point > 93 °C (199,4 °F)

Evaporation Rate

Flammability of solids and gases

Lower inflammability limit

Upper inflammability limit

Lower explosive limit

Upper explosive limit

Vapour pressure

Not available

Not available

Not available

Not available

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9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

Vapour density Not available Relative density g/cc 1.37 Solubility insoluble in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Auto-ignition temperature Not available Decomposition temperature Not available Not available Viscosity Not available Explosive properties Oxidising properties Not available

9.2. Other information

Information not available

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

BENZYL ALCOHOL

Decomposes at temperatures above 870°C/1598°F.Possibility of explosion.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

BENZYL ALCOHOL

May react dangerously with: hydrobromic acid,iron,oxidising agents,sulphuric acid.Risk of explosion on contact with: phosphorus trichloride.

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, concentrated inorganic acids.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

BENZYL ALCOHOL

Avoid exposure to: air, sources of heat, naked flames.

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE

Avoid contact with: strong acids, strong oxidants.

10.5. Incompatible materials

BENZYL ALCOHOL

Incompatible with: sulphuric acid,oxidising substances,aluminium.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

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11. Toxicological information .../>>

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

LD50 (Oral) > 1470 mg/kg rat LD50 (Dermal) 866 mg/kg rabbit

4-nonylphenol, branched

LD50 (Oral) 1620 mg/kg rat LD50 (Dermal) 2140 mg/kg rabbit

BENZYL ALCOHOL

 LD50 (Oral)
 1230 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 2000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 > 4.1 mg/l/4h Rat

2,2'-DIAMINODIETHYLAMINE

 LD50 (Oral)
 1620 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal)
 1045 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation)
 0.3 mg/l/4h Rat

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE

LD50 (Oral) 1030 mg/kg rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

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12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

LC50 - for Fish 368 mg/l/96h poecilia reticulata

EC50 - for Crustacea > 32 mg/l/48h daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 494 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus capricornutum

4-nonylphenol, branched

LC50 - for Fish 0.017 mg/l/96h marine water fish

EC50 - for Crustacea 0.051 mg/l/48h marine invertebrates

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0.027 mg/l/72h marine water algae

Chronic NOEC for Fish 0.00046 mg/l marine water fish

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 0.00946 mg/l marine invertebrates

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0.5 mg/l marine water algae

BENZYL ALCOHOL

LC50 - for Fish 770 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas

EC50 - for Crustacea 230 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 770 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 51 mg/l Daphnia magna

2,2'-DIAMINODIETHYLAMINE

LC50 - for Fish 430 mg/l/96h pimephales promelas

EC50 - for Crustacea 32 mg/l/48h daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 1164 mg/l/72h algae

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 10 mg/l pesce

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 5.6 mg/l daphnia magna

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 10 mg/l algae

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE

LC50 - for Fish 110 mg/l/96h Leuciscus idus

EC50 - for Crustacea 23 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 50 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus

EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 11.2 mg/l/72h Scenedesmus subspicatus

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 3 mg/l 21 d

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12. Ecological information .../>>

12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine

Degradability: information not available

4-nonylphenol, branched Rapidly degradable

BENZYL ALCOHOL Rapidly degradable

2,2'-DIAMINODIETHYLAMINE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Degradability: information not available

Rapidly degradable

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

4-nonylphenol, branched

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 5.4

BCF > 260

BENZYL ALCOHOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1.1

2,2'-DIAMINODIETHYLAMINE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -5.58

12.4. Mobility in soil

4-nonylphenol, branched

Partition coefficient: soil/water > 22

2,2'-DIAMINODIETHYLAMINE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 3.4

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

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14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1760

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (4-nonylphenol, branched; 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine) IMDG: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (4-nonylphenol, branched; 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine) IATA: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (4-nonylphenol, branched; 2-piperazin-1-ylethylamine)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8

IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8

IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant

IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 80 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (E)

Special Provision: EMS: F-A, S-B Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 856

Pass.: Maximum quantity: 5 L Packaging instructions: 852

Special Instructions: A3, A803

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

IMDG:

Canadian Regulatory Information

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15. Regulatory information .../>>

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).

Safety Data Sheet according to WHMIS 2015.

Inventory Status of the contained substance/s.

All ingredients are listed in DSL.

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 5
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- Hazard Products Regulation (HPR)
- WHMIS 2015
- ONTARIO R.R.O. 1990, Regulation 883 (version July 2016)
- IARC website
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act

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Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METH	DS FOR	CLASSIFICATIO	N
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Product classification derives from criteria established by the Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (WHMIS 2015), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.