

TENAX SPA PETROLUX NERO

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Safety Data Sheet

According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Name

Supplier:

Code: PETROLUXNERO Product name PETROLUX NERO PETROLUX NERO

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

ntended use BRIGHTENER WAX FOR NATURAL STONES.

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
ADHESIVE SYSTEM/TREATMENT FOR STONE			
SECTOR	\checkmark	\checkmark	-

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Full address
District and Country

Tel. +39 045 6887593
Fax +39 045 6862456
e-mail address of the competent person
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet

Via I Maggio, 226
37020 Volargne
Italy
Tel. +39 045 6887593
Fax +39 045 6862456

msds@tenax.it

7606 Whitehall Executive Center Drive Suite 400, 28273 Charlotte NC, US

(VR)

Tel. 001 7045831173 - Fax 001 7045833166

info@tenaxusa.com

TENAX SPA

Tenax Usa

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to Infotrac

US and Canada: 1-800-535-5053

Int'l: 1-352-323-3500 info@infotrac.net

2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement

Flammable liquid, category 3
Aspiration hazard, category 1
Skin sensitization, category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Flammable liquid and vapour.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.









Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.



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2. Hazards identification .../>>

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray. P261

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment. P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / lighting / . . . / equipment. P241 P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response:

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . .

P312 Call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . . / if you feel unwell. P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water / . . .

P370+P378 In case of fire: use CO2, sand, powder to extinguish.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.

2.2. Other hazards

Additional hazards

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification:

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

 $70 \le x < 72$ Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Aspiration hazard, category 1 H304,

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336

EC 919-857-5 64742-48-9 REACH Reg. 01-2119463258-33 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

INDEX 603-064-00-3 85 < x < 95Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Specific target organ toxicity - single

exposure, category 3 H336

203-539-1 EC CAS 107-98-2 REACH Reg. 01-2119457435-35

N-BUTYL ACETATE

INDEX 607-025-00-1 $7.5 \le x < 8.5$ Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Specific target organ toxicity - single

exposure, category 3 H336

FC 204-658-1 123-86-4 CAS

REACH Reg. 01-2119485493-29



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3. Composition/information on ingredients .../>>

ACID BLACK 172

 $0.4 \le x < 0.7$

Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Skin sensitization, category 1 H317, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 H411

EC 260-906-9 CAS 57693-14-8 REACH Reg. 01-2119969289-17

* There is a batch to batch variation.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

* METHANOL: present as an impurity

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

Combustion products: mainly COx.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency



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6. Accidental release measures .../>>

procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

USA	NIOSH-REL	NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.
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USA OSHA-PEL Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000.

USA CAL/OSHA-PEL California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits

(PELs).

EU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2022

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS Threshold Limit Value Type Country TWA/8h STEL/15min Remarks / Observations mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm TLV-ACGIH - 1200 197

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL							
Threshold Limit \	/alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV-ACGIH	-	184	50	368	100		
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN	
CAL/OSHA	USA	360	100	540	150	SKIN	
NIOSH	USA	360	100	540	150		



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8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

				N-BUTY	L ACETATI			
Threshold Limit Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15i	min	Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150			
TLV-ACGIH	-		50		150			
OSHA	USA	710	150					
CAL/OSHA	USA	710	150	950	200			
NIOSH	USA	710	150	950	200			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Sampling methods: https://amcaw.iifa.dguv.de/substance/methoden/012-Methoxoxypropan-2-2016.pdf

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

HAND PROTECTION: Protect your hands with work gloves for protection against chemical agents in nitrile or fluoroelastomer (EN 374-1:2016) at least type B or higher according to the risk assessment carried out by the company. Permeation time > 480 minutes. Material thickness:

NITRILE

short contact > 0.38 mm prolonged contact > 0.55 mm **FLUOROELASTOMER** short contact > 0.50 mm prolonged contact > 1.50 mm

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Value Information **Properties**

Appearance liquid Colour black

Odour characteristic of solvent

not available Odour threshold

рΗ not available Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is

non-polar/aprotic (eg: an organic solvent

mixture)

Melting point / freezing point not available Initial boiling point not available

@EPY 11.5.1 - SDS 1004.14



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9. Physical and chemical properties .../>>

Boiling range not available

Flash point 27 °C (80,6 °F)

Evaporation rate not available not available Flammability Lower inflammability limit not available not available Upper inflammability limit Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available Vapour pressure not available Vapour density not available Relative density 0.78 g/cm3

Solubility soluble in organic solvents

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available
Auto-ignition temperature not available
Decomposition temperature not available
Viscosity not available
Explosive properties not available
Oxidising properties not available

9.2. Other information

VOC: 87,68 % - 683,93 g/litre

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Dissolves various plastic materials. Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

Absorbs and disolves in water and in organic solvents. With air it may slowly form explosive peroxides.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Avoid exposure to: air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water,nitrates,strong oxidants,acids,alkalis,zinc.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.



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11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product. Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 5000 mg/kg rat

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 4951 mg/l/4h rat

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

 LD50 (Oral):
 4016 mg/kg ratto

 LD50 (Dermal):
 2000 mg/kg ratto

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 7000 ppm/4h ratto 6h

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 6400 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 21.1 mg/l/4h Rat

ACID BLACK 172

LD50 (Dermal): > 2000 mg/kg

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class



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11. Toxicological information .../>>

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Carcinogenicity Assessment:

107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

ACGIH:: A4

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

LC50 - for Fish 20800 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas

EC50 - for Crustacea > 21000 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 1000 mg/l/72h Selenastrum capricornutum

N-BUTYL ACETATE

LC50 - for Fish 18 mg/l/96h pimephales promelas

EC50 - for Crustacea > 44 mg/l/48h daphnia

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 675 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 23 mg/l 21d

ACID BLACK 172

LC50 - for Fish 3 mg/l/96h Danio rerio

EC50 - for Crustacea 30.2 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 73.8 mg/l/72h Lemna minor

12.2. Persistence and degradability

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable



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12. Ecological information .../>>

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water < 1

BCF <2

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.3

BCF 15.3

12.4. Mobility in soil

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

14. Transport information

14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1993

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS;

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL)

IMDG: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.Ś. (HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS;

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL)

IATA: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, N-ALKANS, ISOALKANS, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS;

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL)



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14. Transport information .../>>

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: 274, 601

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366
Passengers: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355

Special provision: A3

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA:

All components of this product are listed on US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are exempt from the listing / notification requirements.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.



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15. Regulatory information .../>>

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists: 313 Category Code:

107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ:

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

EPCRA 313 TRI:

107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

RCRA Code:

No component(s) listed.

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ: No component(s) listed.

State Regulations

Massachussetts:

107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

Minnesota:

107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

New Jersey:

107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

New York:

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

Pennsylvania:

107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

California:

107-98-2 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL (Glycol ethers)

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any substances know to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive harm or birth defects.

International Regulations

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

FΝ



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16. Other information .../>>

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the



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suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.